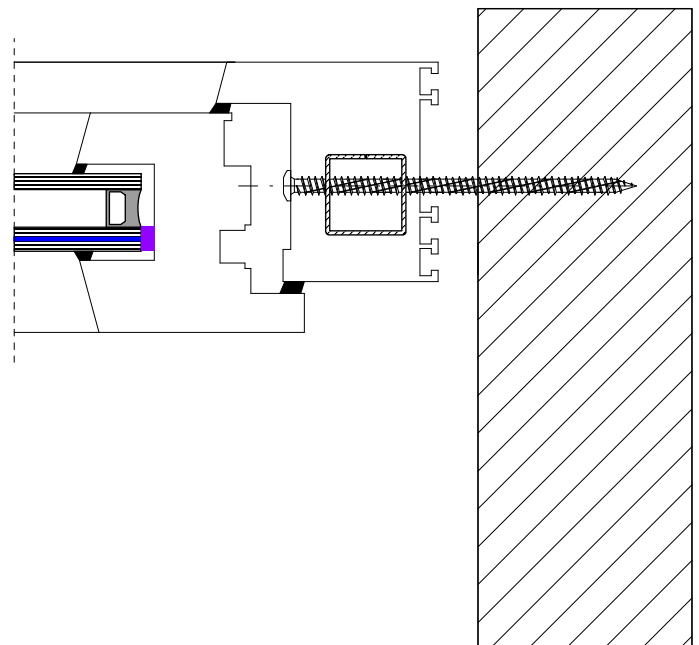


Installation instructions for burglary-resistant RC1 N - RC2 elements blaugelb Frame Screw Fix FK-T30 / ZK-T30

General notes:

Observe the relevant standards and guidelines as well as the state of the art. This applies to extracts from the following standards and guidelines:

- DIN EN 1627, 1628, 1629 and 1630
- Requirements of the current German Energy Saving Ordinance (EnEV)
- Requirements of the construction contract procedures (VOB) DIN 18355, 18360 and DIN 18361
- Dimensions and general basic rules according to DIN 68121-1 and 68121-2
- Checking of air permeability DIN EN 12114 and 12207
- Tightness to driving rain DIN EN 1027 and 12208
- Wind loads DIN EN 122100 and 12210
- Thermal protection requirements DIN 4108
- Soundproofing requirements DIN 4109
- Notes on window installation from the current guide for proper installation
- ift Guideline MO-01/1 Structural connection of windows and their serviceability within sealing systems
- ift Guideline MO-02/1 Structural connection of windows and their serviceability within fastening systems

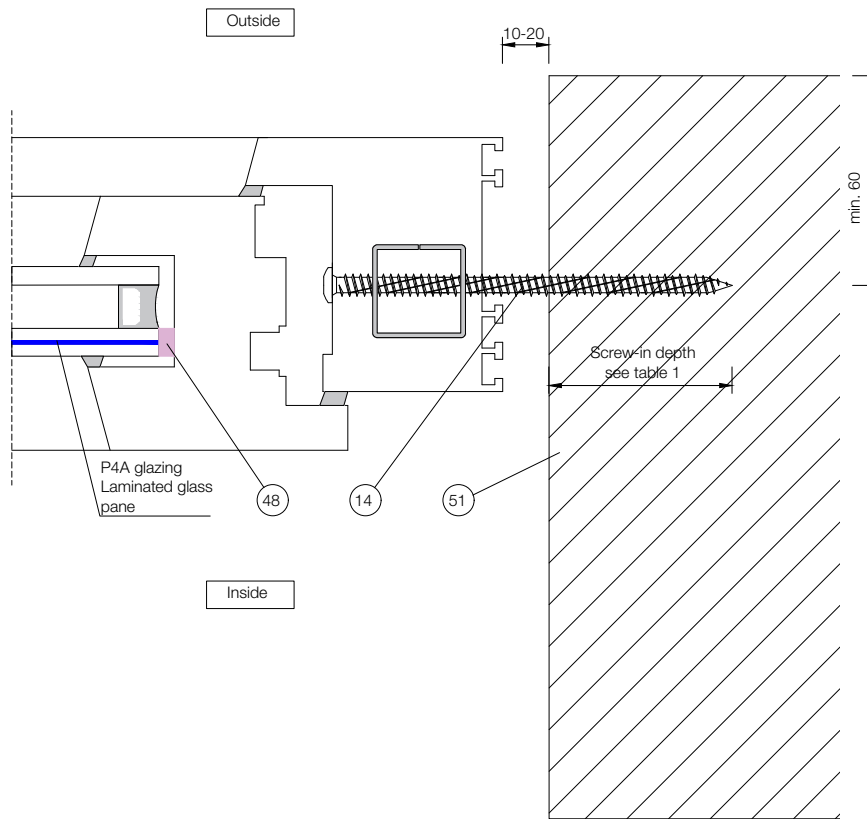


The certificates for the RC2 windows as per DIN EN 1627-1630 are to be provided by the manufacturer or the installer to the client/user following acceptance.

An assembly certificate must always be issued. Forms are available in the download area of the blaugelb Frame Screw Fix FK-T30 under:

www.blaugelb.de

Installation situation in the plastic window:



- ⑭ blaugelb Frame Screw Fix FK-T30 7.5 x L
- ④⑧ blaugelb RC Adhesive
- ⑤① Supporting wall structure

The drilling type and hole diameter depend on the screwing base. The drill hole must be cleaned after drilling.

Our screw-in recommendations¹ in relation to the various substrates:

Jamb, substrate	Drill hole diameter	Screw-in depth	Rotary drilling	Impact drilling
Concrete ⁴	6.5 mm	40 mm		x
Sand-lime brick ⁴	6.5 mm	60 mm		x
Full brick ⁴	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Wood ⁴	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Lightweight concrete LC6 ²	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Aerated concrete PP2 ³	No pre-drilling	210 mm	-	
Aerated concrete PP4/6 ³	No pre-drilling	180 mm	-	
Vertically perforated brick ⁴	6.0 mm	min. 180 mm	x	
Highly insulated vertically perforated brick ⁴	5.0 mm	min. 180 mm	x	

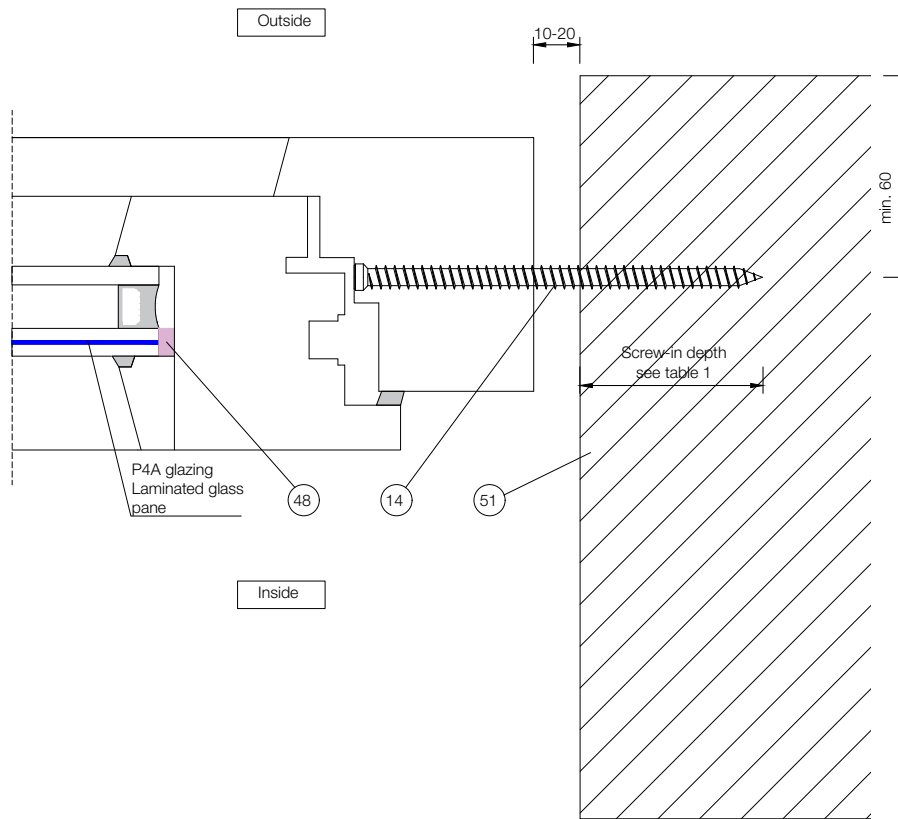
¹ Due to the varying microstructures, we also recommend carrying out corresponding pretests.
² Lightweight concretes are not defined in DIN EN 1627, table NA. 2 as a possible anchor base for burglary-resistant components.
³ According to DIN EN 1627, table NA. 3, a compressive strength $\geq 4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ is required for the installation of burglary-resistant components in aerated concretes.
⁴ DIN EN 1627, table NA. 2 requires a compressive strength $\geq 12 \text{ N/mm}^2$ where "masonry" is the anchor base.

Hole depth = screw-in depth + 10 mm

Choosing the right length of screw:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Grip length (e.g. frame or profile width)} \\
 &+ \text{joint width (recommendation } \leq 15 \text{ mm)} \\
 &+ \text{screw-in depth (depending on construction material, see tech. data sheet)} \\
 &\text{-----} \\
 &= \text{screw length}
 \end{aligned}$$

Installation situation in wooden windows:



- (14) blaugelb Frame Screw Fix FK-T30 7.5 x L
- (48) blaugelb RC adhesive
- (51) Supporting wall structure

The drilling type and hole diameter depend on the screwing base. The drill hole must be cleaned after drilling.

Our screw-in recommendations¹ in relation to the various substrates:

Jamb, substrate	Drill hole diameter	Screw-in depth	Rotary drilling	Impact drilling
Concrete ⁴	6.5 mm	40 mm		x
Sand-lime brick ⁴	6.5 mm	60 mm		x
Full brick ⁴	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Wood ⁴	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Lightweight concrete LC6 ²	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Aerated concrete PP2 ³	No pre-drilling	210 mm	-	
Aerated concrete PP4/6 ³	No pre-drilling	180 mm	-	
Vertically perforated brick ⁴	6.0 mm	min. 180 mm	x	
Highly insulated vertically perforated brick ⁴	5.0 mm	min. 180 mm	x	

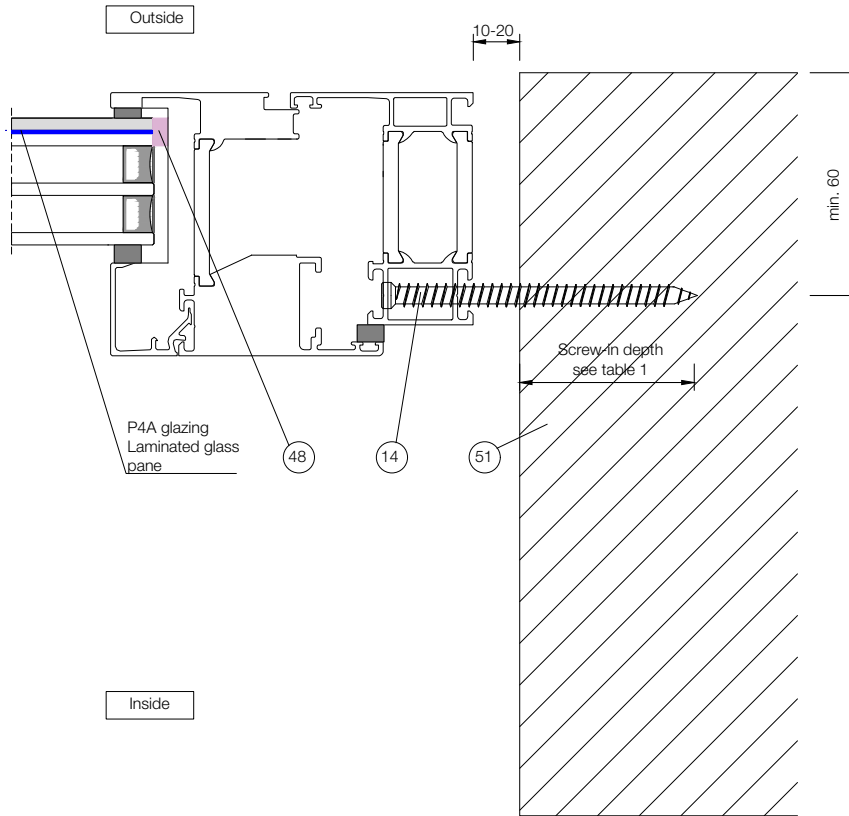
¹ Due to the varying microstructures, we also recommend carrying out corresponding pretests.
² Lightweight concretes are not defined in DIN EN 1627, table NA. 2 as a possible anchor base for burglary-resistant components.
³ According to DIN EN 1627, table NA. 3, a compressive strength $\geq 4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ is required for the installation of burglary-resistant components in aerated concretes.
⁴ DIN EN 1627, table NA. 2 requires a compressive strength $\geq 12 \text{ N/mm}^2$ where "masonry" is the anchor base.

Hole depth = screw-in depth + 10 mm

Choosing the right length of screw:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Grip length (e.g. frame or profile width)} \\
 &+ \text{joint width (recommendation } \leq 15 \text{ mm)} \\
 &+ \text{screw-in depth (depending on construction material, see tech. data sheet)} \\
 &\text{-----} \\
 &= \text{screw length}
 \end{aligned}$$

Installation situation in aluminium windows:



- 14 blaugelb Frame Screw Fix FK-T30 7.5 x L
- 48 blaugelb RC adhesive
- 51 Supporting wall structure

The drilling type and hole diameter depend on the screwing base. The drill hole must be cleaned after drilling.

Our screw-in recommendations¹ in relation to the various substrates:

Jamb, substrate	Drill hole diameter	Screw-in depth	Rotary drilling	Impact drilling
Concrete ⁴	6.5 mm	40 mm		x
Sand-lime brick ⁴	6.5 mm	60 mm		x
Full brick ⁴	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Wood ⁴	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Lightweight concrete LC6 ²	6.0 mm	60 mm	x	
Aerated concrete PP2 ³	No pre-drilling	210 mm	-	
Aerated concrete PP4/6 ³	No pre-drilling	180 mm	-	
Vertically perforated brick ⁴	6.0 mm	min. 180 mm	x	
Highly insulated vertically perforated brick ⁴	5.0 mm	min. 180 mm	x	

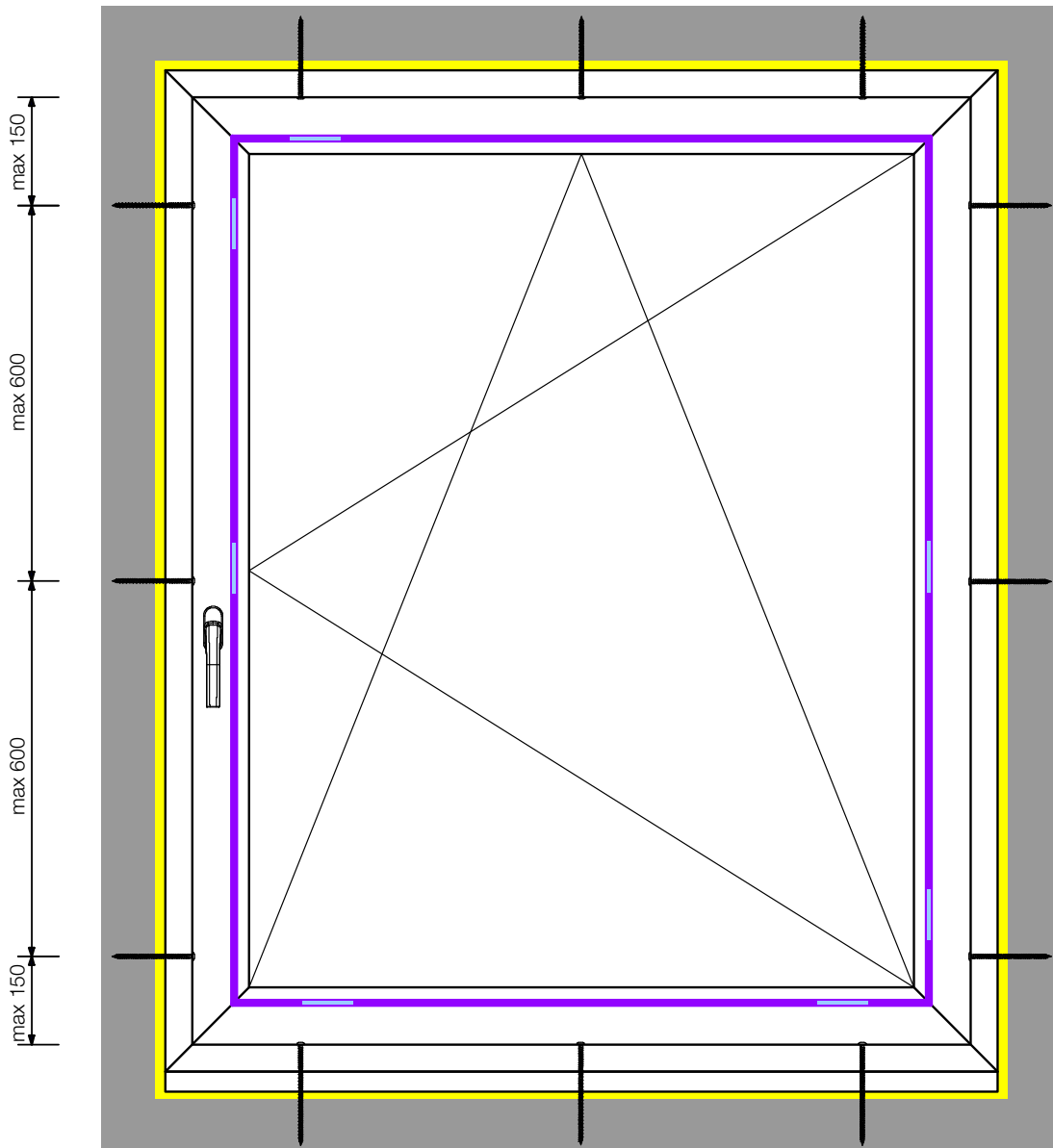
¹ Due to the varying microstructures, we also recommend carrying out corresponding pretests.
² Lightweight concretes are not defined in DIN EN 1627, table NA. 2 as a possible anchor base for burglary-resistant components.
³ According to DIN EN 1627, table NA. 3, a compressive strength $\geq 4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ is required for the installation of burglary-resistant components in aerated concretes.
⁴ DIN EN 1627, table NA. 2 requires a compressive strength $\geq 12 \text{ N/mm}^2$ where "masonry" is the anchor base.

Hole depth = screw-in depth + 10 mm

Choosing the right length of screw:

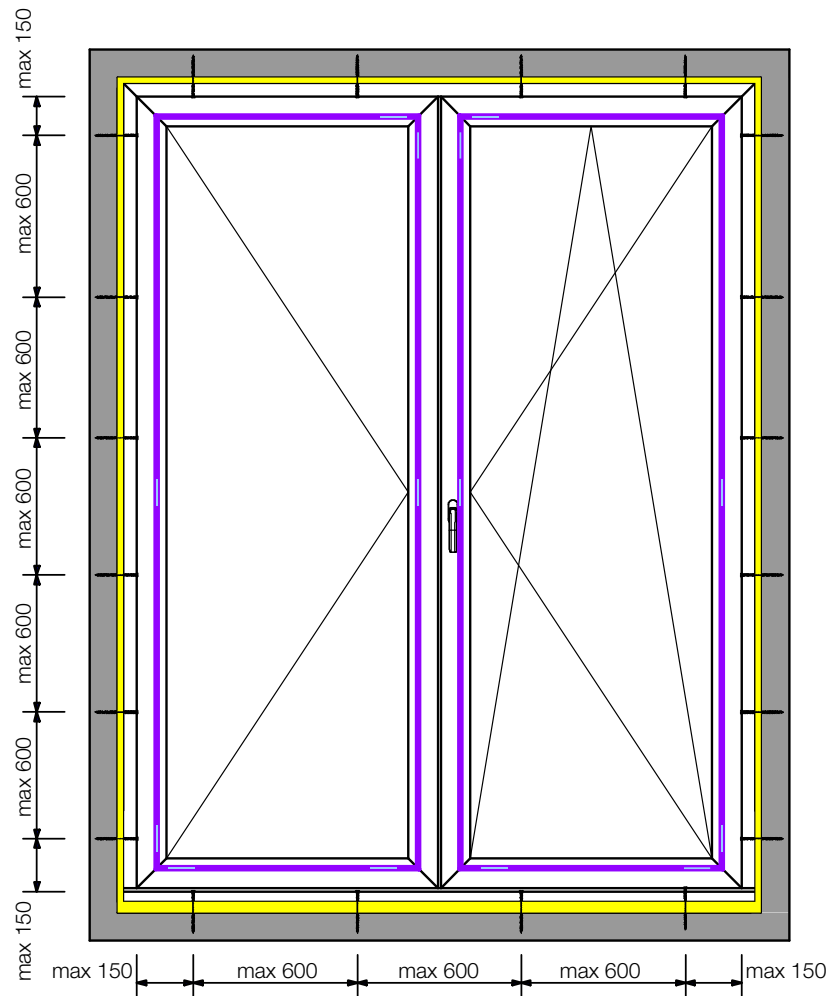
$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Grip length (e.g. frame or profile width)} \\
 &+ \text{joint width (recommendation } \leq 15 \text{ mm)} \\
 &+ \text{screw-in depth (depending on construction material, see tech. data sheet)} \\
 &\text{-----} \\
 &= \text{screw length}
 \end{aligned}$$

Fixing spaces for 1-sash windows and French windows



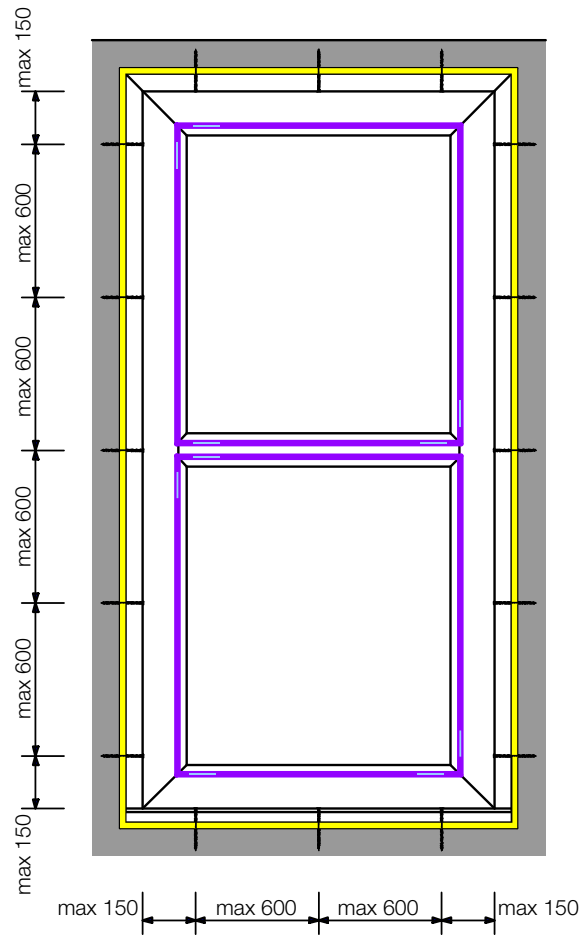
- Glazing block
- Glued all round with blaugelb RC Adhesive
- Connecting joint (anchor base and element) ≤ 15 mm
- Screwed with blaugelb Frame Screw Fix ZK-T30 7.5 x L
Alternatively: FK-T30 7.5 x L
See table

Fixing spaces for 2-sash windows and French windows



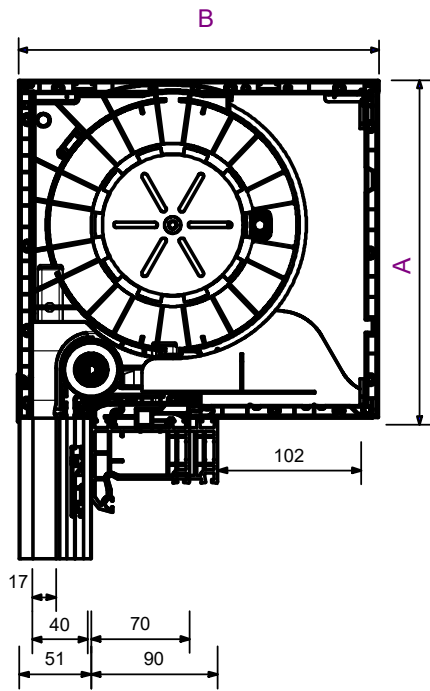
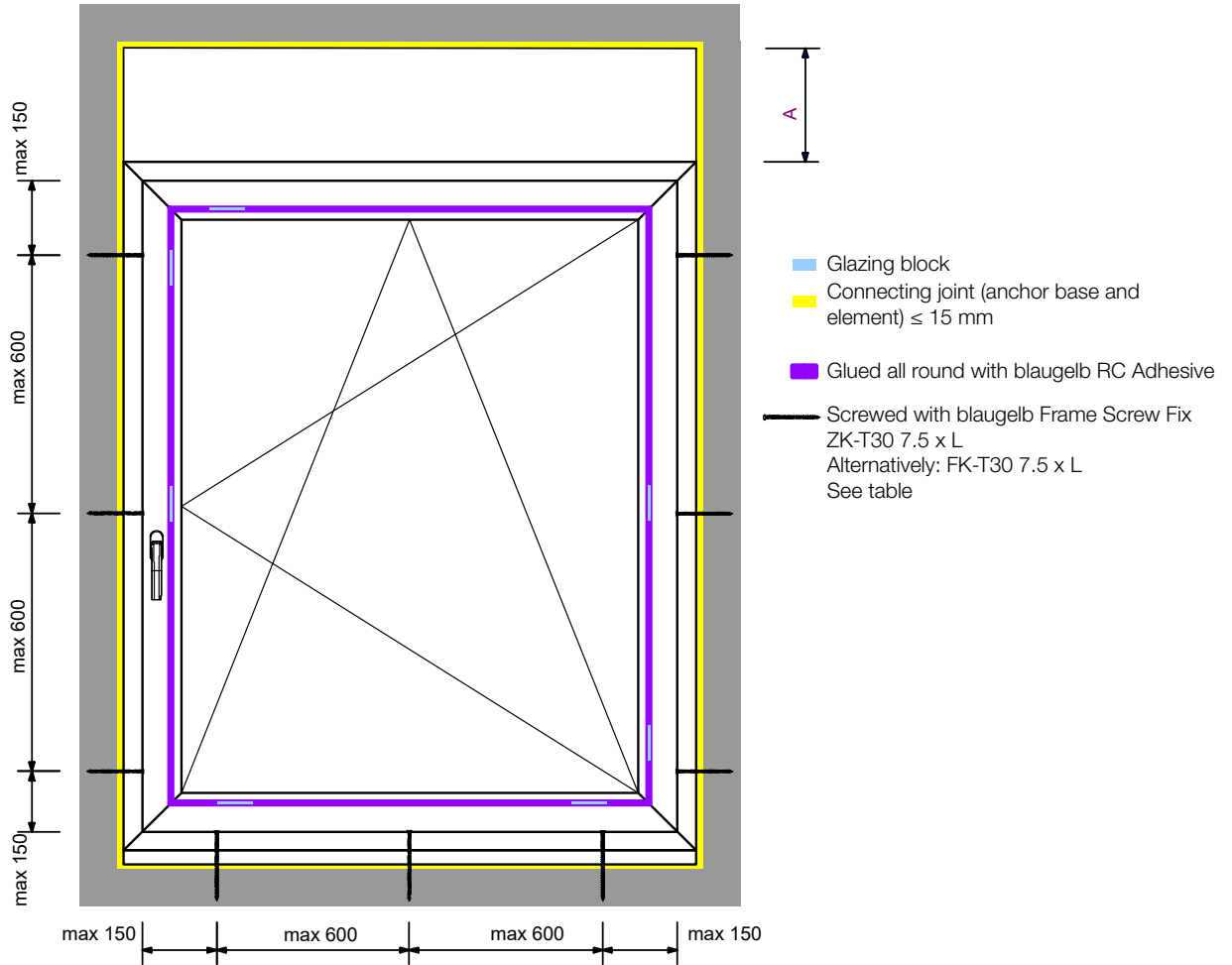
- Screwed with blaugelb Frame Screw Fix
- Glazing block
- Connecting joint (anchor base and element) ≤ 15 mm
- Glued all round with blaugelb RC Adhesive

Fixing spaces for 1-sash front doors



- Screwed with blaugelb Frame Screw Fix
- Glazing block
- Connecting joint (anchor base and element) ≤ 15 mm
- Glued all round with blaugelb RC Adhesive

Fixing spaces for 1-sash windows with a roller shutter box



Note:
 Static loads must be transferred as specified
 by the roller shutter system manufacturer